A Bill to Adjust Voting Protocol and Procedure in the United States

1	SECTION 1.	Under the passage of this legislation, it will be enacted that federal voting
2		procedure will be reformed to ensure security and fair representation for
3		all citizens of the United States. This procedure mandates the voting age to
4		be adjusted to 16 accounting for increased representation in federal
5		elections.
6		
7	SECTION 2.	The current voting age and voting procedure are insecure and
8		unrepresentative. In past elections, voting procedures have proven
9		fraudulent or untrustworthy to the public eye. By reforming legislation
10		through this bill, voting procedures will be strict in ensuring correct
11		records.
12		
13	SECTION 3.Th	ne Election Assistance Commission (EAC) will oversee the enforcement of
14		policies in this legislation. Through their enforcement measures, can do
15		many of the following plans that this bill wishes to enact.
16		A. Security will be enhanced by strict overseeing of voters in polls. This
17		form of security will keep the voting count realistic and fair.
18		B. The voting age for the federal presidential election will be lowered to
19		sixteen years of age with the proof of age being shown in a birth
20		certificate or another form of identification.
21		
22	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2024. All laws in conflict with
23		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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A Bill to Extend the Selective Service Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1	To require all United States citizens, documented and
2		undocumented immigrants, who are eighteen years or older to
3		register with the Selective Service System (SSS) within thirty days
4		of achieving the age of 18.
5	SECTION 2	Failure to comply will result in five years imprisonment and denial of
6		the benefits associated with registering with the SSS, including
7		but not limited to state-funded student financial aid, federal
8		employment, state employment, and U.S. citizenship for
9		immigrants .
10	SECTION 3	This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2024.
11	SECTION 4	Failure to register will result in referral to the Department of Justice
12		for possible investigation and prosecution.
13	SECTION 5	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
14		declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Delbarton School.

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A Bill to Stop Federal Funding to Institutions of Higher Learning Where Tuition Increases Outpace the Rate of Inflation

1	BE IT ENAC	TED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	Section I:	This bill will prohibit institutions of higher learning in receipt of any
3		form of federal funds from raising their cost of tuition above the
4		annualized rate of the core Consumer Price Index.
5	Section II:	The term "institution of higher learning" means a college, university,
6		or similar institution, including a technical or business school,
7		offering postsecondary level academic instruction that leads to an
8		associate or higher degree if the school is empowered by the
9		appropriate State education authority under State law to grant an
10		associate or higher degree.
11	Section III:	The implementation date of this bill will be August 1, 2024.
12	Section IV:	The Department of Education will oversee the enforcement of this
13		legislation.
14	Section V:	All other laws in conflict with this legislation are declared null and void.

Submitted for Congressional Debate by Delbarton School.

A Bill to Adjust Voting Protocol and Procedure in the United States

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18		B. The voting age for the federal presidential election will be lowered to
19		sixteen years of age with the proof of age being shown in a birth
20		certificate or another form of identification.
21		
22	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2024. All laws in conflict with
23		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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A Bill to Increase School Security Funding to Protect Students

- **SECTION 1**. \$2.5 billion shall be allocated in grant funding to enhance school security measures for public schools.
- School security measures shall be defined as investments made into student safety, intended to prevent, mitigate, or protect against school violence. School security measures may include, but are not limited to, metal detectors, technological improvements, and security personnel.

 Public schools shall be defined as any K-12 institution established under state law, regulated by local authorities, and funded by public taxation.
- **SECTION 3.** The United States Department Of Education shall be tasked with the implementation of this legislation.
 - A. The Department of Education shall be responsible for developing a grant application and evaluation criteria, as well as ultimately distributing grant funds to public schools.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the beginning of FY 2025.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for Congressional Debate by Cairee Upshur of Phillipsburg High School.

A Bill to Abolish the Draft

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1.	The Selective Service System (SSS) will be abolished, no longer requiring
	men ages 18- 25 to register for the draft.
SECTION 2.	The United States Armed Forces will continue a volunteer based military
	force that is funded by the SSS budget redistribution. This will remove the
	power of Congress and the President to institute a nation-wide draft.
SECTION 3.	The Selective Service System budget will be reallocated by the end of the
	next two fiscal years. Funds will be redistributed by need and priority to the
	Department of Defense and the Department of Health.
SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect in fiscal year 2025.
SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	SECTION 2. SECTION 3.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lilly Grdovic of Phillipsburg High School.

The P.A.R.E.N.T. Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

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1	SECTION 1.	\$30 billion will be allocated from the Department of Health & Human
2		Services to ensure that the transfer of the custody of unaccompanied alien
3		children is done properly. Children must be under the care of their parent
4		or their legal guardian, or under the supervision of
5	SECTION 2.	A. Women's reproductive healthcare clinics will be defined as
6		infrastructure, including but not limited to, Obstetrics and Gynecology
7		specialists, abortion clinics, technology, companies, and buildings.
8		B. Decreased costs will be defined as lowered rates of preconception,
9		pregnancy, childbirth, diagnosis, treatment of conditions related to the
10		reproductive system, performing screening exams, birth control counseling
11		and infection prevention.
12		

- 14 SECTION 3. The Department of Health & Human Services will oversee the
 15 implementation of this legislation
 16 A. The DHHS will conduct annual inspections each year regarding equality,
 - A. The DHHS will conduct annual inspections each year regarding equality efficiency, and outcome within each project and its construction until the number of women's reproductive healthcare clinics increases by 200%.
 - **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect in fiscal year 2025.
 - **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lilly Grdovic of Phillipsburg High School.

A Bill to Redistribute Subsidies to Reverse Emissions

1	SECTION 1.	The United States shall reinforce its dedication toward ending subsidies to
2		fossil fuel corporations.
3		A. The United States will phase out subsidies by incrementally decreasing
4		subsidies by 10% of the original amount allocated to companies every year.
5		B. Funds recovered from subsidies will be accumulated into a fund to
6		invest in renewable technologies.
7	SECTION 2.	The following definitions apply
8		A. Subsidies will be defined as forms of financial benefit, whether direct
9		payments or tax exemptions, to incentivize business production or
10		expansion.
11		B. Fossil fuel corporations will be defined as any company engaged in the
12		production, manufacturing, or sale of any non-renewable form of
13		energy, including coal, natural gas, crude oil, petroleum products, etc.
14		C. Renewable energy will be defined as energy that comes from natural
15		sources, replenished at a higher rate than consumed.
16	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Energy and Environmental Protection Agency
17		shall be responsible for the implementation of this legislation.
18		

19		A. The Department of Energy will be tasked with the responsi	bility of
20		ending fossil fuel subsidies by 2035.	
21		B. The Environmental Protection Agency will be tasked with t	he
22		responsibility of approving applications for funding from p	rivate
23		companies.	
24	SECTION 4.	nis legislation will take effect at the start of FY 2025. All laws in co	onflict
25		ith this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Hunterdon Central Regional High School.

A Bill to Ban Social Media Advertisements Targeted at Users 16 and Under

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All social media platforms are hereby prohibited from directing
2		advertisements to users under the age of 16 years.
3	SECTION 2.	Social media platforms are required to establish default safety tools to
4		protect adolescent users on such platforms and provide guardians with
5		greater autonomy regarding social media use by adolescents.
6		A. Guardians shall have the right to remove their children from
7		content algorithms that direct false, misleading, or harmful content
8		B. Guardians shall have the right to access, review, and delete the
9		information of adolescent users collected by social media platforms
10		at any time.
11	SECTION 3.	The Federal Communications Commission shall oversee full enforcement
12		of the above sections
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the start of FY 2025. All laws in conflict
14		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Hunterdon Central Regional High School.

A Resolution to Declare Period Products as Essential Goods to Abolish the Sales Tax on Tampons

1	WHEREAS,	Period Products are currently considered Luxury goods which allows 22
2		states to implement a sales tax; and
3	WHEREAS,	This causes a great imbalance between lower and middle class women who
4		are already struggling; and
5	WHEREAS,	A sizable number of women's careers and education are hampered
6		because of inadequate access to menstrual products.
7	WHEREAS,	Menstrual symptoms cause women to miss work at a rate 45.2% more than
8		their non-menstruating counterparts. One in five girls under the age of 18
9		in the United States due to inadequate access to period products miss
10		school; now, therefore, be it
11	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled will declare all period products as
12		essential goods; and, be it
13	FURTHER RES	OLVED, That states will move to abolish their respective sales tax on
14		menstrual products.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Emma Schaible of Phillipsburg High School.

A Bill to Abolish the Department of Education

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	The Federal Department of Education will be abolished.
4	SECTION 2.	The funding previously allocated to the Department of Education will be
5		discretionary funding, and funding for United States public education will now
6		come from the state. All offices under the Department of Education will also be
7		abolished.
8	SECTION 3.	The United States Congress will enforce this bill.
9	SECTION 4.	This bill will take effect on FY 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
10		hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by: Delbarton School

A Bill to Send Aid to the Myanmar National Unity Government

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1 . The United States shall provide \$525 million as requested
3	by the Myanmar National Unity Government (NUG).
4	A. \$200 million of this sum will be for nonlethal aid.
5	B. The remaining \$325 million will be for various causes, which can
6	be freely chosen by the NUG.
7	C. The NUG will independently oversee the distribution of this to
8	causes in Myanmar.
9	SECTION 2 . Non Lethal aid will include, but will not be limited to,
10	drones, vehicles, radar gear, satellite data, engineering and construction
11	equipment, military medical supplies and communications hardware
12	SECTION 3. The Department of State will oversee the distribution of
13	this funding
14	A. The Department of State will require all use of the funds to be
15	reported.
16	B. If any misuse of funding is found, the remaining funds will be
17	withheld.
18	SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect directly following the
	passage of this bill. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
	declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Millburn High School.